

Description

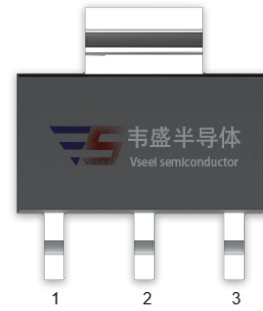
The VST10N750 uses **Super Trench** technology that is uniquely optimized to provide the most efficient high frequency switching performance. Both conduction and switching power losses are minimized due to an extremely low combination of $R_{DS(ON)}$ and Q_g . This device is ideal for high-frequency switching and synchronous rectification.

General Features

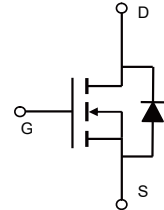
- $V_{DS} = 100V, I_D = 7A$
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 85m\Omega @ V_{GS}=10V$ (Typ:75m Ω)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 105m\Omega @ V_{GS}=4.5V$ (Typ:85m Ω)
- Excellent gate charge x $R_{DS(on)}$ product(FOM)
- Very low on-resistance $R_{DS(on)}$
- 150 °C operating temperature
- Pb-free lead plating
- 100% UIS tested

Application

- Power switching application
- Hard switched and high frequency circuits
- Uninterruptible power supply



SOT-223



Schematic

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Device Package	Reel Size	Tape width	Quantity
VST10N750	VST10N750-S23	SOT-223	Ø330mm	12mm	2500 units

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_A=25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	100	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Drain Current-Continuous	I_D	7	A
Drain Current-Pulsed (Note 1)	I_{DM}	28	A
Single pulse avalanche energy (Note 5)	E_{AS}	20	mJ
Maximum Power Dissipation	P_D	2.5	W
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 To 150	$^{\circ}C$

Thermal Characteristic

Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 2)	$R_{\theta JA}$	50	$^{\circ}C/W$
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Electrical Characteristics ($T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

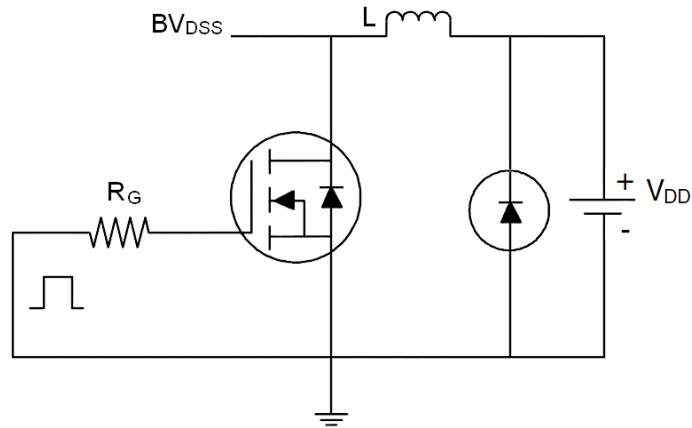
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Off Characteristics						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	BV_{DSS}	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu A$	100	-	-	V
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS}=100V, V_{GS}=0V$	-	-	1	μA
Gate-Body Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS}=\pm 20V, V_{DS}=0V$	-	-	± 100	nA
On Characteristics (Note 3)						
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu A$	1.2	1.9	2.5	V
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	$R_{DS(ON)}$	$V_{GS}=10V, I_D=7A$	-	75	85	m Ω
		$V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=7A$	-	85	105	m Ω
Forward Transconductance	g_{FS}	$V_{DS}=5V, I_D=7A$	-	8	-	S
Dynamic Characteristics (Note4)						
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{DS}=50V, V_{GS}=0V,$ $F=1.0MHz$	-	443	-	PF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}		-	80	-	PF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}		-	15.4	-	PF
Switching Characteristics (Note 4)						
Turn-on Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD}=50V, R_L=7\Omega$ $V_{GS}=10V, R_G=2.5\Omega$	-	6	-	nS
Turn-on Rise Time	t_r		-	2.5	-	nS
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	18	-	nS
Turn-Off Fall Time	t_f		-	2.5	-	nS
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	$V_{DS}=50V, I_D=7A,$ $V_{GS}=10V$	-	7.2		nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}		-	1.3	-	nC
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}		-	1.0	-	nC
Drain-Source Diode Characteristics						
Diode Forward Voltage (Note 3)	V_{SD}	$V_{GS}=0V, I_S=7A$	-	-	1.2	V
Diode Forward Current (Note 2)	I_S		-	-	7	A
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_F = 3.5A$	-	31.2	-	nS
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}	$di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ (Note3)	-	41.2	-	nC

Notes:

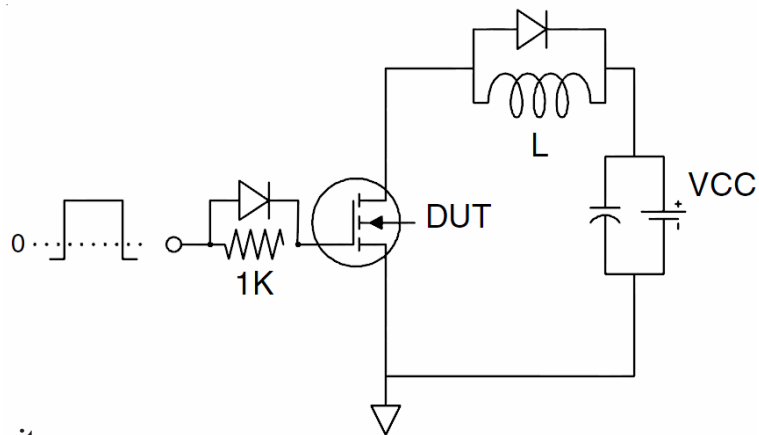
1. Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
2. Surface Mounted on FR4 Board, $t \leq 10$ sec.
3. Pulse Test: Pulse Width $\leq 300\mu s$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.
4. Guaranteed by design, not subject to product
5. EAS condition: $T_J=25^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{DD}=50V, V_G=10V, L=0.5mH, R_g=25\Omega$

Test Circuit

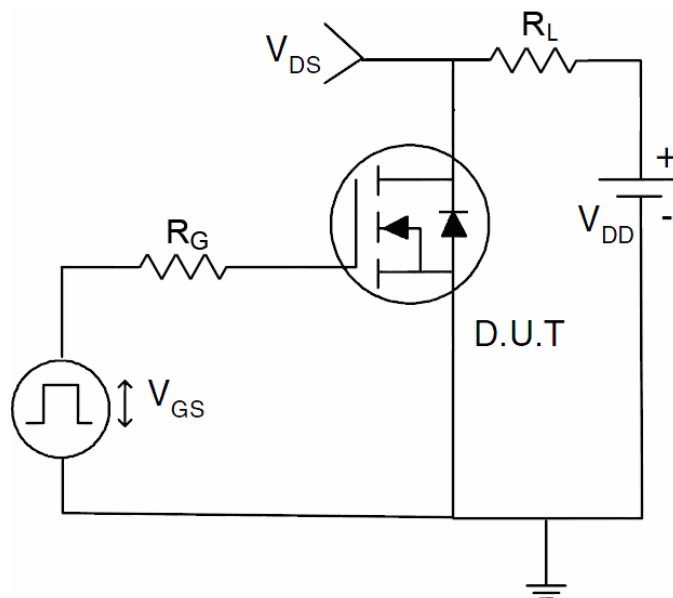
1) E_{AS} test circuit



2) Gate charge test circuit



3) Switch Time Test Circuit



Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

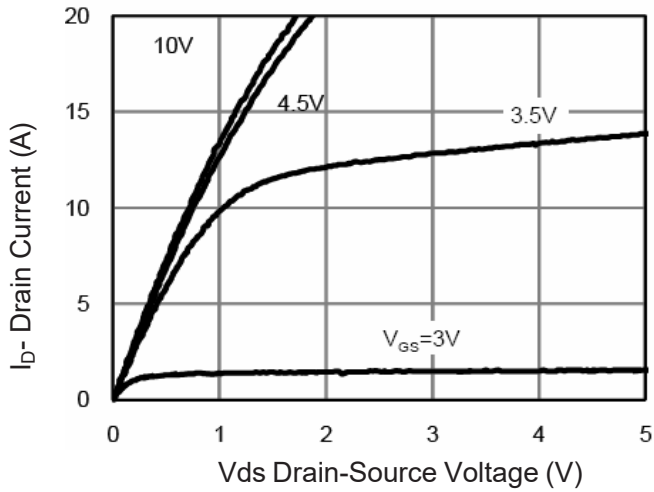


Figure 1 Output Characteristics

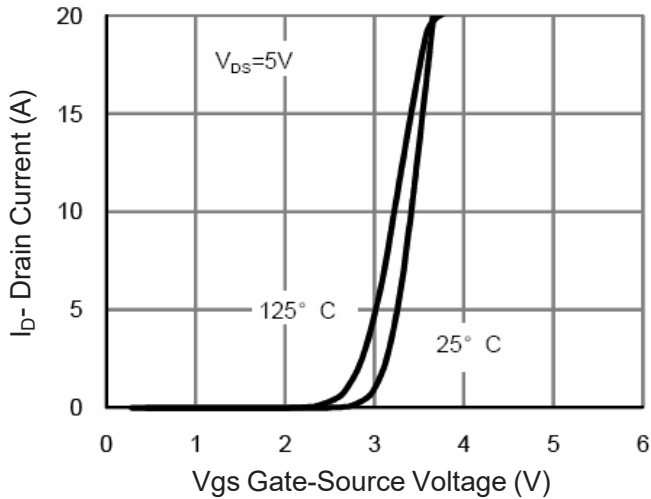


Figure 2 Transfer Characteristics

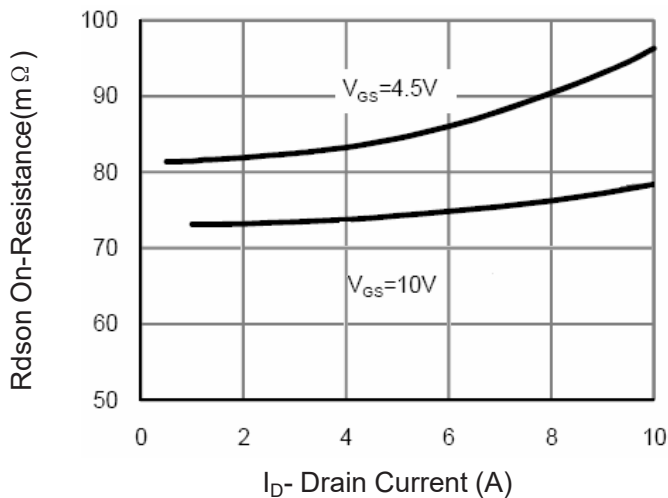


Figure 3 Rdson- Drain Current

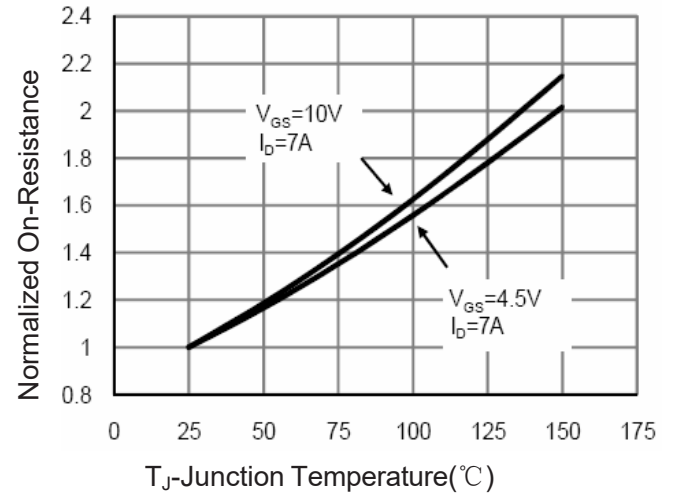


Figure 4 Rdson-Junction Temperature

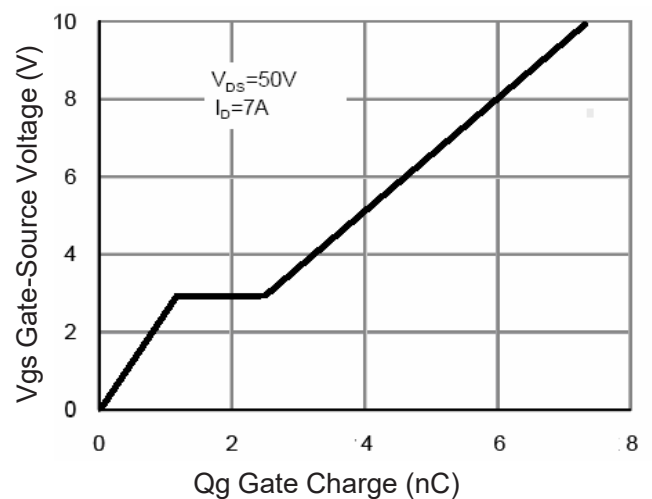


Figure 5 Gate Charge

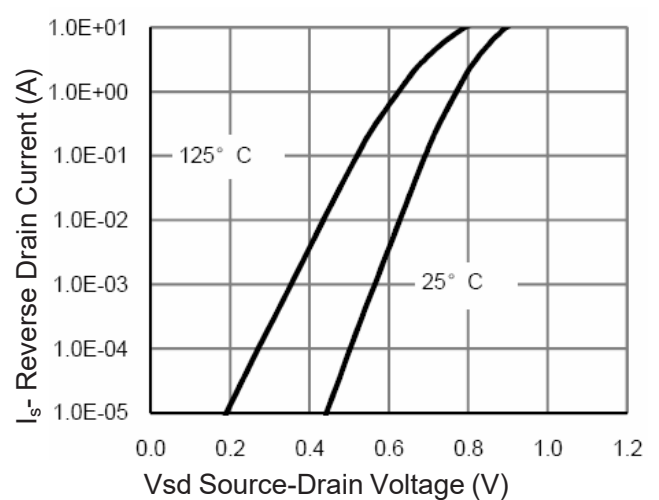
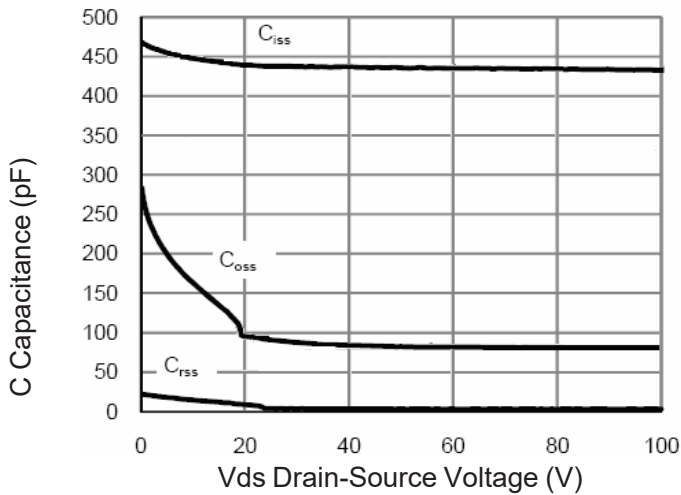
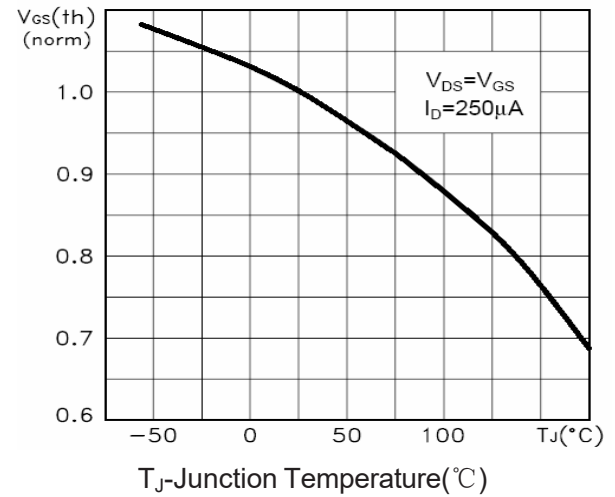
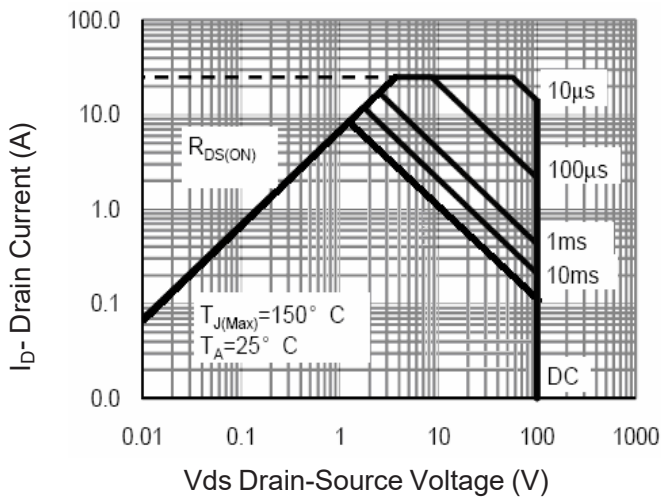
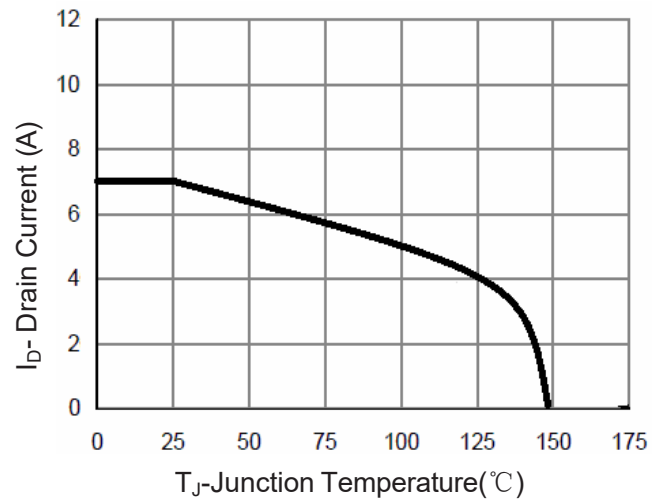
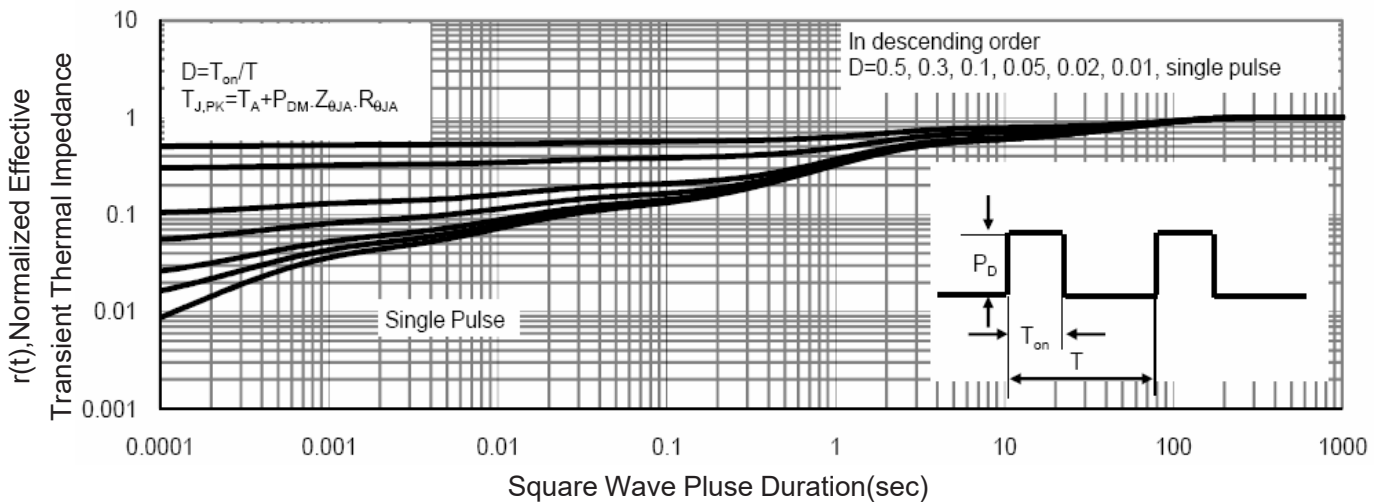


Figure 6 Source- Drain Diode Forward


Figure 7 Capacitance vs Vds

Figure 9 $V_{GS(th)}$ vs Junction Temperature

Figure 8 Safe Operation Area

Figure 10 Current De-ratin

Figure 11 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance