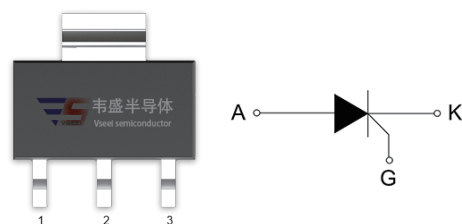


DESCRIPTION:

The chip SCR provides high dV/dt rate with strong resistance to electromagnetic interface. It is especially recommended for use on residual current circuit breaker, straight hair, igniter etc.

MAIN FEATURES

Symbol	Value	Unit
$I_{T(RMS)}$	0.8	A
V_{DRM}/V_{RRM}	500	V
I_{GT}	≤ 120	μA



SOT-223

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Storage junction temperature range	T_{stg}	-40-150	$^{\circ}C$
Operating junction temperature range	T_j	-40-125 ^①	$^{\circ}C$
Repetitive peak off-state voltage ($T_j=25^{\circ}C$)	V_{DRM}	500	V
Repetitive peak reverse voltage ($T_j=25^{\circ}C$)	V_{RRM}	500	V
Average on-state current ($T_c \leq 85^{\circ}C$)	$I_{T(AV)}$	0.5	A
RMS on-state current ($T_c \leq 85^{\circ}C$)	$I_{T(RMS)}$	0.8	A
Non repetitive surge peak on-state current ($t_p=10ms$, $T_j=25^{\circ}C$)	I_{TSM}	8	A
Non repetitive surge peak on-state current ($t_p=8.3ms$, $T_j=25^{\circ}C$)		9	
I^2t value for fusing ($t_p=10ms$, $T_j=25^{\circ}C$)	I^2t	0.32	A^2s
Critical rate of rise of on-state current ($I_G=2 \times I_{GT}$, $f=100Hz$, $T_j=125^{\circ}C$)	di/dt	50	$A/\mu s$
Peak gate current ($t_p=20\mu s$, $T_j=125^{\circ}C$)	I_{GM}	1	A
Average gate power dissipation ($T_j=125^{\circ}C$)	$P_{G(AV)}$	0.1	W

Peak gate power	P_{GM}	2	W
Peak pulse voltage ($T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$; non-repetitive, off-state; FIG)	V_{pp}	1	kV

NOTE 1: Operating junction temperature T_j is up to 125°C when a resistor $\leq 1\text{k}\Omega$ is connected between Gate and Cathode. Without this resistor, the T_j is up to 110°C only.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Test Condition	Value			Unit
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
I_{GT}	$V_D=12\text{V}$ $R_L=33\Omega$	-	-	120	μA
V_{GT}		-	0.6	0.8	V
V_{GD}	$V_D=V_{DRM}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.2	-	-	V
I_L	$I_G=1.2 I_{GT}$	-	-	5	mA
I_H	$I_T=0.05\text{A}$	-	-	3	mA
dV/dt	$V_D=335\text{V}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $R_{GK}=1\text{k}\Omega$	20	-	-	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
	$V_D=335\text{V}$ $T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $R_{GK}=220\Omega$	50	-	-	
t_{on}	$I_G=10\text{mA}$ $I_A=20\text{mA}$ $I_R=2\text{mA}$ $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	2	-	μs
t_{off}		-	50	-	μs

STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter		Value(MAX.)	Unit
V_{TM}	$I_T=1\text{A}$ $t_p=380\mu\text{s}$	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.3	V
V_{TO}	Threshold voltage	$T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.9	V
R_D	Dynamic Resistance	$T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.3	Ω
I_{DRM}	$V_D=V_{DRM}$ $V_R=V_{RRM}$	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	1	μA
I_{RRM}		$T_j=125^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.1	mA

THERMAL RESISTANCES

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{th(j-c)}$	junction to case (DC)	40	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{th(j-a)}$	junction to ambient (DC)	120	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$

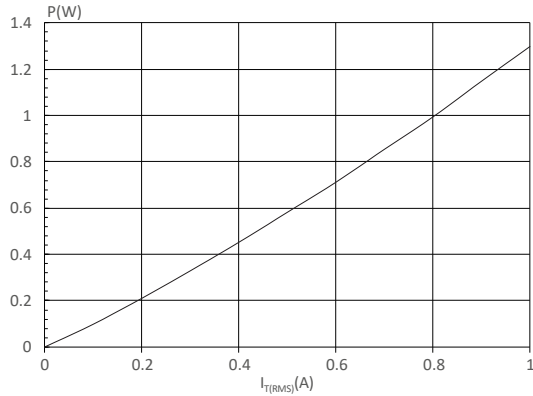
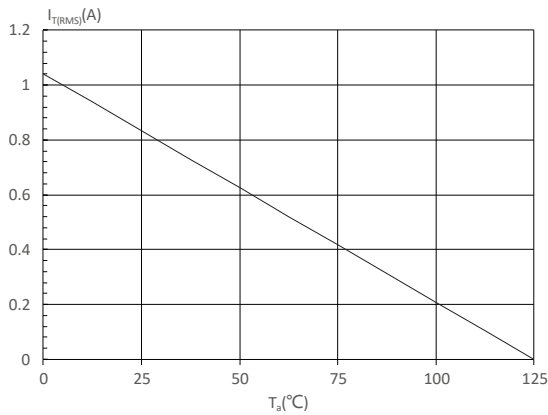
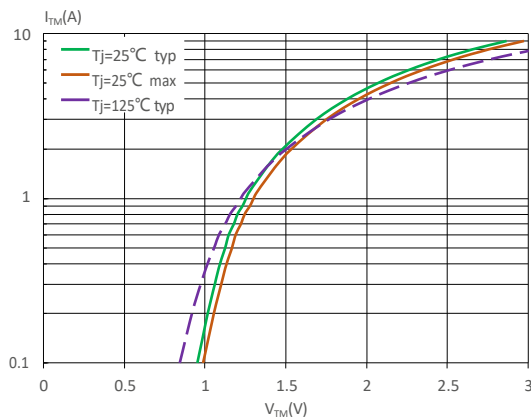
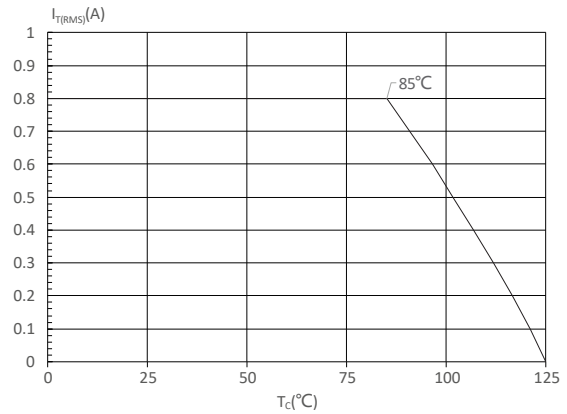
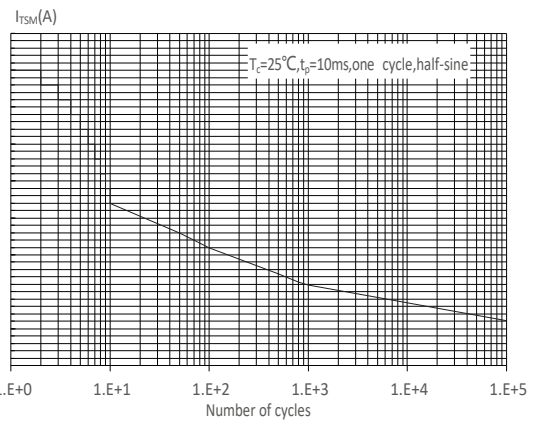
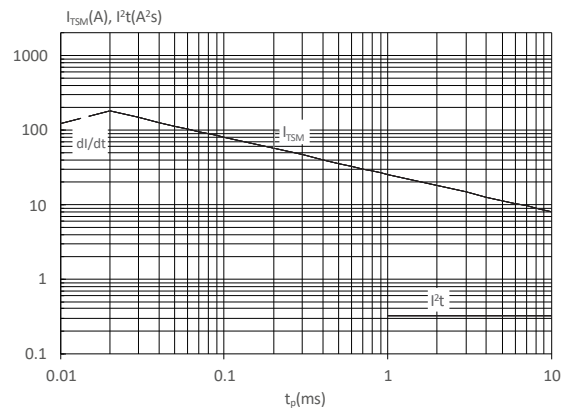
FIG : Maximum power dissipation versus RMS on-state current

FIG : RMS on-state current versus ambient temperature (printed circuit board FR4,copper thickness:35 μ m)(full cycle)

FIG : On-state characteristics

FIG : RMS on-state current versus case temperature

FIG : Surge peak on-state current versus number of cycles

FIG : Non-repetitive surge peak on-state current for a sinusoidal pulse with width $t_p < 10ms$, and corresponding value of I^2t ($dI/dt < 50A/\mu s$)


FIG : Relative variations of gate trigger current, holding current and latching current versus junction temperature

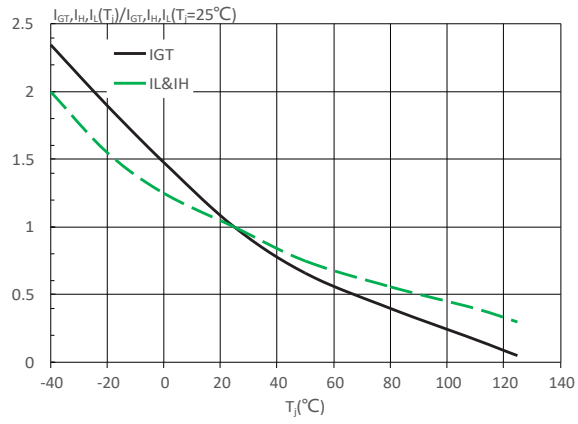
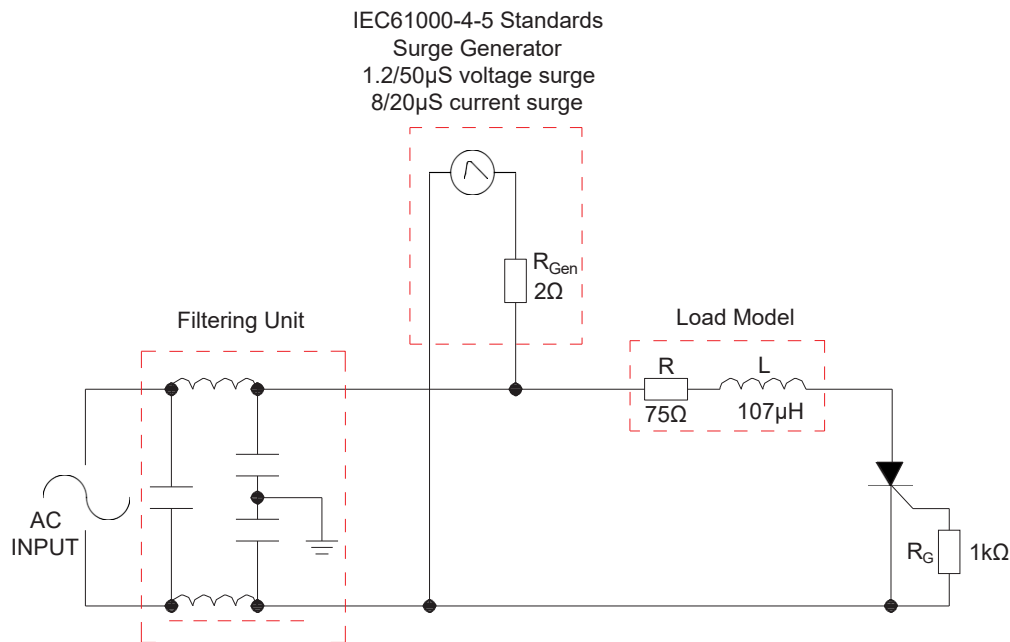


FIG : Test circuit for inductive and resistive loads to IEC-61000-4-5 standards.



SOLDERING PARAMETERS

Reflow Condition		Pb-Free assembly (see figure at right)
Pre Heat	-Temperature Min ($T_{s(min)}$)	+150°C
	-Temperature Max ($T_{s(max)}$)	+200°C
	-Time (Min to Max) (t_s)	60-180 secs.
Average ramp up rate (Liquidus Temp (T_L) to peak)		3°C/sec. Max
$T_{s(max)}$ to T_L - Ramp-up Rate		3°C/sec. Max
Reflow	-Temperature(T_L) (Liquidus)	+217°C
	-Temperature(t_L)	60-150 secs.
Peak Temp (T_p)		+260(+0/-5)°C
Time within 5°C of actual Peak Temp (t_p)		20-40secs.
Ramp-down Rate		6°C/sec. Max
Time 25°C to Peak Temp (T_p)		8 min. Max
Do not exceed		+260°C

